

# High Return to Play and Minimal Salary Impact after Hip Arthroscopy in National Hockey League Players

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**HENRY FORD HEALTH**  
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# Disclosures

- No relevant disclosures to this talk
- T. Sean Lynch, MD
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# Introduction

- Femoroacetabular impingement (FAI) is widely prevalent amongst ice hockey players
  - 69.1% of all NHL intra-articular hip injuries from 2006-2010
- NHL players had significantly shorter careers and worse performance metrics postoperatively compared to their counterparts in the NFL, NBA, and MLB



# Objective

- The purpose of this study is to **quantify the impact of FAI managed with hip arthroscopy** on NHL athlete performance, career length, and salary in NHL athletes.



# Methodology

- Retrospective review of all NHL players who underwent hip arthroscopy to manage labral tears from 2000- 2021 were identified from an online database
- 2:1 matched control cohort was used for comparison
  - Players were matched based on age, body mass index (BMI), position, and years of experience.
- Game usage and performance metrics were collected at 1 season and 3 seasons before and after the index season (injury season)

# Methodology

- Index and post-index salaries were collected for each player in the two cohorts
- Three groups were created based on the players' index season salary, and both injury and matched cohorts were divided into:
  - Group A: <\$1,000,000
  - Group B: \$1,000,00 - \$3,500,000
  - Group C: >\$3,500,000.
- Mean annual salary and cumulative salary of those players were compared at index season and 1, 2, 3, and 4 seasons post-index.

# Results

- 66 of the 75 (88%) NHL players who underwent hip arthroscopy returned to play and were matched to 132 players.
- **No difference was found in career length** ( $11.2 \pm 4.1$  seasons vs.  $11.7 \pm 4.2$  seasons;  $P=0.434$ ) between the two cohorts.
- After one season post-index, the operative cohort demonstrated **significantly decreased games played** ( $58.8 \pm 21.8$  vs  $47.2 \pm 26.9$ ,  $P=0.013$ ) and Corsi % ( $50.8 \pm 4.2$  vs  $48.4 \pm 5.2$ ,  $P=0.024$ ) compared with the year prior.
- Compared to controls, the operative cohort demonstrated **lower Corsi %** ( $48.4 \pm 4.9$  vs  $51.1 \pm 5.0$ ,  $P=0.012$ ) and Fenwick % ( $48.4 \pm 5.0$  vs  $50.9 \pm 4.7$ ,  $P=0.008$ ) at one season post-index.

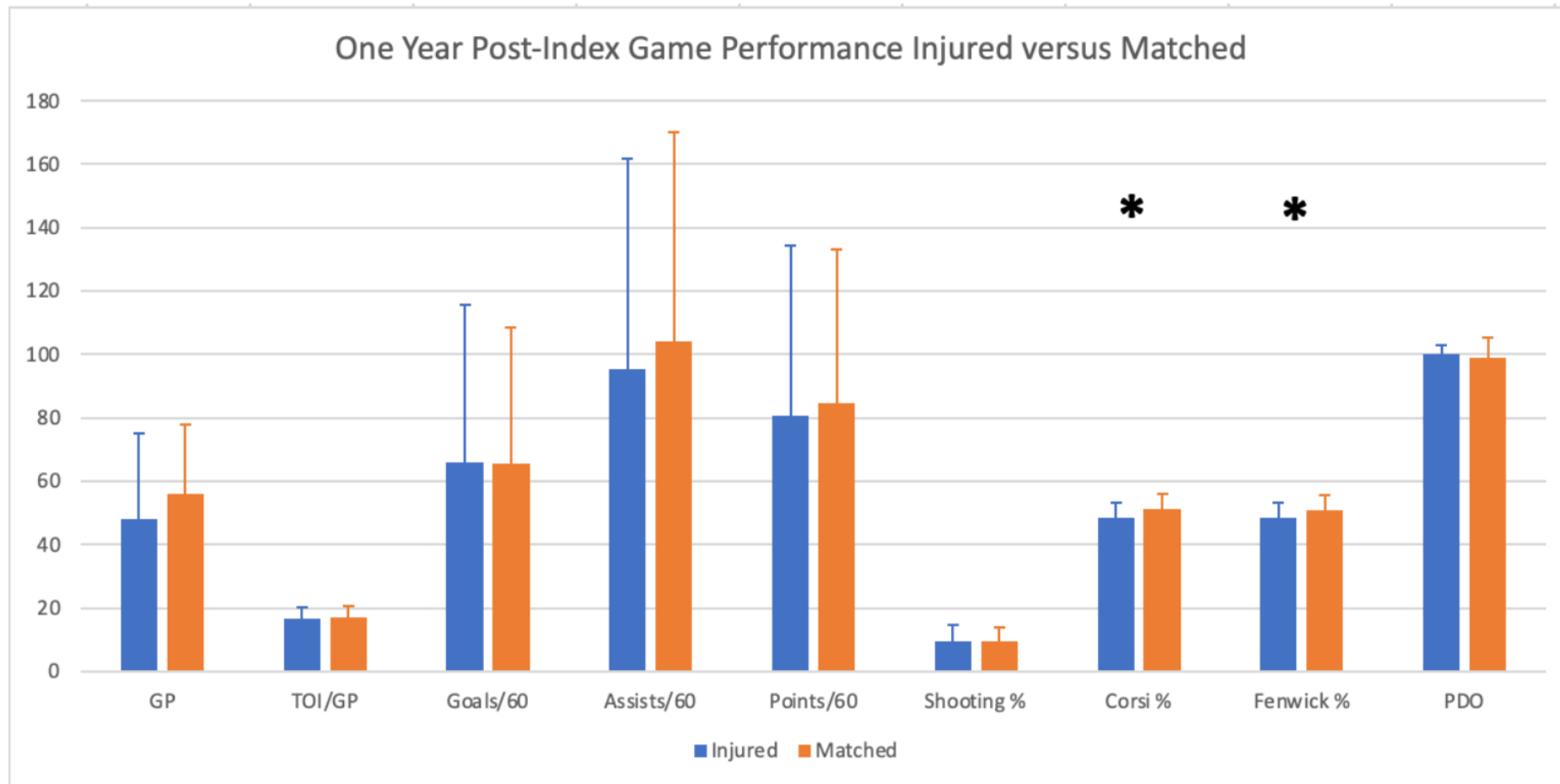
# Results

- At three seasons post index, **no differences in performance** were found between the operative cohort and controls.
- **No differences were found in salaries** between the operative and control cohorts in all four post-index seasons.
- Injured players in Group A demonstrated a lower salary at post-index season two (\$1,360,417 ± \$907,761 vs \$3,947,128 ± \$3,303,647, P=0.012), however **no differences were found in post index season 3 and 4.**



# Demographic characteristics of NHL players who underwent hip arthroscopy versus matched controls

Response	Hip Arthroscopy (n = 66)	Matched (n = 132)	P Value
Age	28.6 ± 4.1	28.9 ± 4.1	0.619
Height	73.3 ± 1.7	73.5 ± 2.0	0.325
Weight	200.2 ± 13.1	203.6 ± 15.6	0.122
BMI	26.2 ± 1.5	26.5 ± 1.6	0.192
Position			0.989
C	16 (24.2%)	28 (21.2%)	
D	14 (21.2%)	28 (21.2%)	
G	17 (25.8%)	34 (25.8%)	
LW	8 (12.1%)	18 (13.6%)	
RW	11 (16.7%)	24 (18.2%)	
Handedness			0.459
Left	41 (62.1%)	89 (67.4%)	
Right	25 (37.9%)	43 (32.5%)	
Seasons in Career	11.2 ± 4.1	11.7 ± 4.2	0.434
Seasons after RTP	3.4 ± 2.6	4.1 ± 3.6	0.511



**Figure 1.** Comparison of game use and performance between injured and matched players 1 season after index. Goals/60 and Assists/60 are scaled x100 and Points/60 are scaled x50. \* P < 0.05 indicates significant differences between the two cohorts.

# Annual NHL Player Salary Post-Hip Arthroscopy

<b>Total</b>	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3	Season 4
All: Injured	\$3,703,551 ± \$3,216,137	\$3,082,500 ± \$2,281,480	\$3,752,586 ± \$2,128,404	\$4,016,534 ± \$2,254,866
All: Controls	\$3,661,020 ± \$2,890,051	\$3,397,795 ± \$2,749,978	\$3,422,401 ± \$2,383,299	\$3,805,321 ± \$2,682,820
<i>P Value</i>	0.936	0.546	0.534	0.758

<b>Group A</b>	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3	Season 4
Group A: Injured	\$1,640,000 ± \$1,453,438	\$1,360,417 ± \$907,761	\$2,714,286 ± \$1,489,607	\$3,187,500 ± \$1,993,479
Group A: Controls	\$2,120,940 ± \$2,399,330	\$3,947,128 ± \$3,303,647	\$3,787,897 ± \$2,902,330	\$4,303,923 ± \$3,548,988
<i>P Value</i>	0.480	<b>0.012</b>	0.365	0.563

<b>Group B</b>	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3	Season 4
Group B: Injured	\$2,410,385 ± \$2,066,626	\$3,272,222 ± \$1,866,667	\$4,570,000 ± \$1,260,754	\$2,733,333 ± \$2,241,837
Group B: Controls	\$3,361,565 ± \$2,190,237	\$3,134,438 ± \$2,085,979	\$3,258,281 ± \$3,222,922	\$3,382,143 ± \$2,156,529
<i>P Value</i>	0.218	0.871	0.229	0.645

<b>Group C</b>	Season 1	Season 2	Season 3	Season 4
Group C: Injured	\$5,978,048 ± \$3,327,238	\$4,080,263 ± \$2,681,425	\$3,939,706 ± \$2,445,517	\$4,528,373 ± \$2,293,103
Group C: Controls	\$4,978,850 ± \$2,971,362	\$3,024,870 ± \$2,506,986	\$3,224,750 ± \$2,053,351	\$3,768,167 ± \$2,356,404
<i>P Value</i>	0.234	0.179	0.340	0.387

# Conclusions

- NHL players had a **high return to play** following hip arthroscopy.
- **Career length was similar** between NHL players undergoing hip arthroscopy and healthy players
- At one season post injury, **less game use and performance** compared to their prior season
- **No usage or performance differences at three seasons** post-injury.
- NHL players demonstrated **no significant salary change** after hip arthroscopy compared to healthy players



# References

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An aerial photograph of a city skyline at sunset. The sky is a mix of blue and orange, with scattered clouds. The city features a variety of skyscrapers, including several prominent cylindrical towers on the right side. In the foreground, a large white riverboat with a red and black funnel is docked at a pier along a blue river. The overall scene is vibrant and captures the end of the day in an urban setting.

**Thank You!**